



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

HAWAII.**Record of Plague Infection.**

The last case of human plague at Honolulu occurred July 12, 1910.

The last plague-infected rat was found at Aiea, 9 miles from Honolulu, Apr. 12, 1910.

At Hilo the last case of human plague occurred March 23, 1910.

A fatal case occurred at Honokaa, 60 miles from Hilo, April 20, 1911.

The last plague-infected rat was found at Honokaa February 2, 1911. A plague-infected rat was found at Hilo during the week ended June 10, 1911.

Chief Quarantine Officer Ramus reports, October 2:

Honolulu—Plague-Infection Work.

Week ended September 30, 1911.

Total rats and mongoose taken.....	744
Rats trapped.....	711
Mongoose trapped.....	33
Rats examined bacteriologically.....	651
Classification of rats trapped:	
<i>Mus alexandrinus</i>	68
<i>Mus musculus</i>	249
<i>Mus norvegicus</i>	69
<i>Mus ratus</i>	325
Average number of traps set daily.....	1,720

Examination for Cholera Bacillus Carriers.

Dr. Ramus reported October 4 that 52 steerage passengers on the steamship *Manchuria*, which arrived September 28 from oriental ports, were removed to the quarantine station and examined for possible cholera bacillus carriers. The results of the examinations were negative. Sixty-nine steerage passengers from the steamship *Chiyo Maru*, arrived from Kobe October 5, were removed to quarantine for examination.

Yellow Fever on Vessel.

Dr. Ramus reported October 21 that a case of yellow fever in the convalescent stage had that day arrived at Honolulu on the steamship *Hongkong Maru* from Manzanillo, Mexico.

INDIA.**Calcutta—Cholera and Plague.**

Acting Assistant Surgeon Allan reports September 28:

During the week ended September 9, 21 deaths from cholera and 7 from plague were reported at Calcutta; in all Bengal, 14 cases of plague with 13 deaths; in all India, 8,002 cases of plague with 5,496 deaths.

ITALY.**Status of Cholera.**

Acting Assistant Surgeon Buonocore, at Naples, reports October 3:

During the period from September 17 to 23 cholera was reported in Italy as follows: In all Italy, 664 cases with 280 deaths; Naples city, 14 cases with 4 deaths; Naples Province outside of Naples, 8 cases with 5 deaths; Genoa city, 5 cases; Genoa Province, 11 cases with 2

deaths; Palermo city, 37 cases with 15 deaths; Palermo Province, 18 cases with 13 deaths; Rome city, 10 cases with 4 deaths; Rome Province, 6 cases with 1 death; Catania city, 18 cases with 10 deaths; Catania Province, 41 cases with 23 deaths; Venice, 3 cases with 1 death; Chioggia, Province of Venice, 9 cases with 1 death; other parts of Italy, 484 cases with 201 deaths.

Naples—Examination of Emigrants.

Dr. Buonocore reports:

Vessels inspected at Naples week ended Sept. 30, 1911.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.	Pieces of second cabin baggage disinfected.
Sept. 27	Duca d'Aosta.....	New York....	399	705	60
29	Berlin	do.....	611	840	390
30	Sant' Anna.....	do.....	365	670	170
	Total		1,375	2,215	620

JAPAN.

Kobe—Cholera.

Acting Asst. Surg. Moore reports September 21:

A fatal case of cholera was reported at Kobe September 16, the origin of which has not yet been determined. The special quarantine regulations with respect to cholera have been put in force and are rigidly observed.

MEXICO.

Mexico City—Typhus Fever.

Consul General Shanklin reports that during the three weeks ended September 16, 104 cases of typhus fever with 25 deaths were reported in Mexico City.

Yellow Fever at Merida.

During the week ended October 7, 2 cases of yellow fever and 1 death were officially reported at Merida and during the week ended October 14, 3 cases with 1 death. The total number of cases since August 1, the date of the occurrence of the first case, is 35, with 13 deaths.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Cholera.

Acting Chief Quarantine Officer Fox at Manila reports, August 17 and September 12 and 20:

During the week ended August 12, 1 case of cholera occurred in the province of Laguna. During the week ended September 9, 11 cases with 8 deaths were reported in Union Province, and during the week ended September 16, in the same province, 6 cases with 7 deaths.